# **WEST VIRGINIA SECRETARY OF STATE**

## **MAC WARNER**

## **ADMINISTRATIVE LAW DIVISION**

### eFILED

7/30/2021 9:59:23 AM

Office of West Virginia Secretary Of State

# NOTICE OF AGENCY APPROVAL OF A PROPOSED RULE AND FILING WITH THE LEGISLATIVE RULE-MAKING REVIEW COMMITTEE

**AGENCY:** 

Fire Commission

TITLE-SERIES:

87-04

**RULE TYPE:** 

Legislative

Amendment to Existing Rule:

Yes

Repeal of existing rule:

No

**RULE NAME:** 

87-04 State Building Code

**PRIMARY CONTACT** 

NAME:

Ken Tyree

ADDRESS:

1207 Quarrier Street

2nd Floor

Charleston, WV 25301

EMAIL:

kenneth.e.tyree@wv.gov

PHONE NUMBER:

130-455-8219 1

**CITE STATUTORY AUTHORITY:** 

15A-11-11

EXPLANATION OF THE STATUTORY AUTHORITY FOR THE LEGISLATIVE RULE, INCLUDING A DETAILED SUMMARY OF THE EFFECT OF EACH PROVISION OF THE LEGISLATIVE RULE WITH CITATION TO THE SPECIFIC STATUTORY PROVISION WHICH EMPOWERS THE AGENCY TO ENACT SUCH RULE PROVISION:

Pursuant to the authority of WV Code 15A-11-11, the rule amends the exemption for buildings and structures used for agricultural and agritourism purposes, the rule amends international code council standards in all categories, the rule amends the international mechanical and residential code pertaining to new refrigerant requirements for new HVAC systems.

IS THIS FILING SOLELY FOR THE SUNSET PROVISION REQUIREMENTS IN W. VA. CODE §29A-3-19(e)? No

IF YES, DO YOU CERTIFY THAT THE ONLY CHANGES TO THE RULE ARE THE FILING DATE, EFFECTIVE DATE AND AN EXTENSION OF THE SUNSET DATE? No

DATE efiled FOR NOTICE OF HEARING OR PUBLIC COMMENT PERIOD:

6/23/2021

DATE OF PUBLIC HEARING(S) OR PUBLIC COMMENT PERIOD ENDED:

7/26/2021

**COMMENTS RECEIVED:** 

Yes

(IF YES, PLEASE UPLOAD IN THE COMMENTS RECEIVED FIELD COMMENTS RECEIVED AND RESPONSES TO COMMENTS)

PUBLIC HEARING:

No

TRANSCRIPTS)
RELEVANT FEDERAL STATUTES OR REGULATIONS: No
WHAT OTHER NOTICE, INCLUDING ADVERTISING, DID YOU GIVE OF THE HEARING?
N/A
SUMMARY OF THE CONTENT OF THE LEGISLATIVE RULE, AND A DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE RULE'S PURPOSE AND ALL PROPOSED CHANGES TO THE RULE:
The rule amends the exemption for buildings and structures used for agricultural and agritourism purposes, the rule amends international code council standards in all categories, the rule amends the international mechanical and residential code pertaining to new refrigerant requirements for new HVAC systems.
STATEMENT OF CIRCUMSTANCES WHICH REQUIRE THE RULE:
The rule is necessary to ensure the public's safety pertaining to design, construction, health and safety within buildings and structures throughout the state.
SUMMARIZE IN A CLEAR AND CONCISE MANNER THE OVERALL ECONOMIC IMPACT OF THE PROPOSED LEGISLATIVE RULE:
A. ECONOMIC IMPACT ON REVENUES OF STATE GOVERNMENT:
N/A
B. ECONOMIC IMPACT ON SPECIAL REVENUE ACCOUNTS:
N/A
C. ECONOMIC IMPACT OF THE LEGISLATIVE RULE ON THE STATE OR ITS RESIDENTS:
N/A

(IF YES, PLEASE UPLOAD IN THE PUBLIC HEARING FIELD PERSONS WHO APPEARED AT THE HEARING(S) AND

# D. FISCAL NOTE DETAIL:

Effect of Proposal		Fiscal Year		
	2021 Increase/Decrease (use "-")	2022 Increase/Decrease (use "-")	Fiscal Year (Upon Full Implementation)	
1. Estimated Total Cost	0	0	O	
Personal Services	0	0	0	
Current Expenses	0	0	0	
Repairs and Alterations	0	0	0	
Assets	0	0	0	
Other	0	0	0	
2. Estimated Total Revenues	0	0	0	

E. EXPLANATION OF ABOVE ESTIMATES (INCLUDING LONG-RANGE EFFECT):

BY CHOOSING 'YES', I ATTEST THAT THE PREVIOUS STATEMENT IS TRUE AND CORRECT.

Yes

Stacy L Nowicki-Eldridge -- By my signature, I certify that I am the person authorized to file legislative rules, in accordance with West Virginia Code §29A-3-11 and §39A-3-2.

#### **87CSR4**

#### TITLE 87 LEGISLATIVE RULE STATE FIRE COMMISSION

#### SERIES 4 STATE BUILDING CODE

#### §87-4-1. General.

- 1.1. Scope. -- This rule establishes the standards considered necessary by the State Fire Commission for the safeguarding of life and property and to ensure compliance with the minimum standards of safe construction of all structures erected or renovated throughout this state.
  - 1.2. Authority. -- W. Va. Code §29-3-5b, repealed effective May 28, 2020, §15A-11-11, effective May 28, 2020.
  - 1.3. Filing Date. -- May 5, 2020.
  - 1.4. Effective Date. August 1, 2020.
  - 1.5. Sunset Provision. -- This rule shall terminate and have no further force or effect on August 1, 2025.
- 1.6. Exemptions. The State Building Code has no application to buildings or farm structures and structures used primarily for agricultural in the purposes including agritourism purposes industry as defined in the applicable codes and statutes, as determined by the State Department of Agriculture.
- 1.67. Incorporation of Other Documents. -- This rule does not include a reprinting of all the requirements imposed by statute or by the incorporation of various nationally recognized standards and codes cited in Subsection 4.1 of this rule. For ascertaining these additional standards and requirements, it is necessary to make reference to the other documents.

#### §87-4-2. Definitions.

- 2.1. "ANSI" means American National Standards Institute, 25 West 43<sup>rd</sup> St., Fourth Floor, New York, NY 10036.
  - 2.2. "ASTM" means American Society of Testing and Materials.
- 2.3. "Fire Commission" means the thirteen (13) appointed members of the West Virginia State Fire Commission.
- 2.4. "Fire Marshal" means the West Virginia State Fire Marshal and/or his or her designated representatives.
  - 2.5. "ICC" or "International" means International Code Council.
  - 2.6. "Local jurisdiction" means municipal, county, or other local government.

- 2.7. "NFPA" means National Fire Protection Association.
- 2.8. "State Building Code" means the entire contents of this rule and the referenced national standards and codes.
- 2.9. "State Fire Code" means the entire contents of the State Fire Code, 87CSR1, and the referenced standards and codes.

#### **§87-4-3.** Conflicts.

- 3.1. Whenever there is a conflict between the State Fire Code and the State Building Code, the State Fire Code takes precedence.
- 3.2. Whenever there is a conflict between the International Plumbing Code requirements of the State Building Code and the rules of the West Virginia State Department of Health and Human Resources, the rules of the Department of Health and Human Resources take precedence.
- 3.3. Whenever there is a conflict between the State Building Code and statutory laws of the State of West Virginia, the laws of the State of West Virginia take precedence.

#### §87-4-4. National Standards and Codes.

- 4.1. The standards and requirements as set out and as published by the International Code Council, and American National Standards Institute, and the National Fire Protection Association as listed in this subsection, have the same force and effect as if set out verbatim in this rule.
  - 4.1.a. The 2015 2018 edition, International Building Code, with the following exceptions:
- 4.1.a.1. Provided; that the section entitled "Fire Prevention" and identified as Section 101.4.5 is deleted and not considered to be a part of this rule.
- 4.1.a.2. Further provided that the entire subsection entitled "Qualifications" and identified as Section 113.3 is deleted and replaced with the following:

#### "Section 113.3. Board of Appeals

- 113.3. Qualifications. The board of appeals shall consist of five members, with up to three alternates, who are qualified by experience and training to pass on matters pertaining to building construction and are not employees of the jurisdiction. They may include, but are not limited to, a WV Registered Professional Architect or Engineer, or a WV Licensed General Building, Residential, Electrical, Piping, Plumbing, Mechanical or Fire Protection Contractor, with at least 10 years experience, five of which shall be in responsible charge of work. No less than one of the members of such Board of Appeals shall be a WV Registered Professional Architect or Engineer, or a WV Licensed General Building, Residential, Electrical, Piping, Plumbing, Mechanical or Fire Protection Contractor."
  - 4.1.b. The 2015 2018 edition of the International Plumbing Code.
- 4.1.c. The 2015 2018 edition of the International Mechanical Code. The following shall be in addition to the current language found in the said edition of the reference code and section:

- 4.1.c.1. <u>See International Mechanical Code, Section 908, Cooling Towers, Evaporative Condensers and Fluid Coolers.</u>
- 4.1.c.1.A. 908.1 General- A cooling tower used in conjunction with an air-conditioning appliance shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Factory-built cooling towers shall be listed in accordance with UL 1995 or UL/CSA 60335-2-40.

#### 4.1.c.1.B. Section 916 Pool and Spa Heaters

4.1.c.1.B.1. 916.1 General- Pool and spa heaters shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Oil-fired pool and spa heaters shall be tested in accordance with UL 1261. Pool and spa heat pump water heaters shall comply with UL 1995, UL/CSA 60335-2-40 or CSA C22.2 No. 236.

4.1.c.1.B.1.(a). Exception: Portable residential spas and portable residential exercise spas shall comply with UL 1563 or CSA C22.2 No. 218.1.

#### 4.1.c.1.C. Section 918 Forced-Air Warm-Air Furnaces

4.1.c.1.C.1. 918.1 Forced-Air furnaces - Oil-fired furnaces shall be tested in accordance with UL 727. Electric furnaces shall be tested in accordance with UL 1995 or UL/CSA 60335-2-40. Solid fuel furnaces shall be tested in accordance with UL 391. Forced-air furnaces shall be installed in accordance with the listings and the manufacturer's instructions.

4.1.c.1.C.2. 1918.2 Heat Pumps- Electric heat pumps shall be tested in accordance with UL 1995 or UL/CSA 60335-2-40.

#### 4.1.c.1.D. Section 1101 General

4.1.e.1.D.1. 1101.2 Factory-Built Equipment and Appliances- Listed and labeled self-contained, factory-built equipment and appliances shall be tested in accordance with UL 207, 412, 471, 1995, UL/CSA 60335-2-40, or UL/CSA 60335-2-89. Such equipment and appliances are deemed to meet the design, manufacture and factory test requirements of this code if installed in accordance with their listing and the manufacturer's instructions.

4.1.c.1.D.2. 1101.6 General. Refrigeration systems shall comply with the requirements of this code and, except as modified by this code, ASHRAE 15. Ammonia-refrigerating systems shall comply with this code and, except as modified by this code, ASHRAE 15, IIAR 2. High probability systems utilizing A2L refrigerants shall comply with ASHRAE 15.

#### 4.1.c.1.E. Chapter 15 REFERENCED STANDARDS

#### 4.1.c.1.E.1. 1501.3 Referenced Standards – See Table 1

ASHRAE 1791 Tullie Circle, NE Atlanta, GA 30329

### 87CSR4

1	Title
number	<u>11ue</u>
15 2010 2010	
<u>15—2013</u> 2019	Safety Standard for Refrigeration Systems
<u>34 2013</u> 2019	Designation and Safety Classification of Refrigerants
CSA	CSA Group
	8501 East Pleasant Valley Road
	<u>Cleveland</u> , OH 44131-5516
Standard	
<u>reference</u>	
<u>number</u>	<u>Title</u>
<u>CSA C22.2 No. 60335-2-40—19</u>	Household And Similar Electrical Appliances - Safety -
	Part 2-40: Particular Requirements for Electrical Heat
	<u>Pumps, Air-Conditioners and Dehumidifiers – 3<sup>rd</sup></u> Edition
<u>CSA C22.2 No. 60335-2-89—21</u>	Household And Similar Electrical Appliances - Safety -
	Part 2-89: Particular Requirements for Commercial
	Refrigerating Appliances with an Incorporated or
	Remote Refrigerant Unit or Compressor
Table 1	
UL	UL LLC
	333 Pfingsten Road
	Northbrook, IL 60062-2096
Standard	
<u>reference</u>	mid
<u>number</u>	<u>Title</u>
LII /OSA (0225 2 40 10	
<u>UL/CSA 60335-2-40—19</u>	Household And Similar Electrical Appliances - Safety - Part 2-40: Particular Requirements for Electrical Heat
	Pumps, Air-Conditioners and Dehumidifiers – 3 <sup>rd</sup>
	Edition
UL/CSA 60335-2-89—21	Household And Similar Electrical Appliances - Safety -
	Part 2-89: Particular Requirements for Commercial
	Refrigerating Appliances with an Incorporated or
	Remote Refrigerant Unit or Compressor
Table 1	
4.1.d. The 2015 2018 edition of the	International Fuel Gas Code, with the following exception:
	international rate out code, with the following exception.

#### 87CSR4

- 4.1.d.1. Section 404.10 Underground piping systems shall be installed a minimum depth of 12 inches (305 mm) below grade. If the minimum depth cannot be maintained, the piping system shall be installed in conduit or shielded in an approved manner.
- 4.1.e. The 2015 2018 edition of the International Property Maintenance Code. This code may be rejected at the option of the local jurisdiction.
- 4.1.e.2. This code may be adopted by the local jurisdiction without requiring adoption of the other national codes and standards listed in this rule.
- 4.1.f. The 2009 2015 edition of the International Energy Conservation Code for residential buildings, with the following exception:
- 4.1.f.1. Section, R402.4.1.2. Testing. The building or dwelling unit shall be tested and verified as having an air leakage rate not exceeding three five air changes per hour in Climate Zones 3 through 8. Testing shall be conducted and a written report shall be provided following the same requirements as identified in Section R402.4.1.2.
  - 4.1.g. The ANSI/ASHRAE/IESNA Standard 90.1 2013 edition for commercial buildings.
- 4.1.g.1. Using building energy benchmarking in all commercial structures means measuring a building's energy use and then comparing it to the energy use of similar buildings, its own historical energy usage, or a reference performance level, is an allowable option for improved energy efficiency and performance.
- 4.1.h. The 2015 2018 edition of the International Residential Code for One- and Two-Family Dwellings, with the following exceptions:
- 4.1.h.1. Chapter 11 of the 2015 2018 edition of the International Residential Code for One-and Two-Family Dwellings, Seventh Printing, entitled "Energy Efficiency", is exempt from this rule.
- 4.1.h.2. Section G2415.12 (404.10) Minimum Burial Depth. Underground piping systems shall be installed a minimum depth of 12 inches (305 mm) below grade. If the minimum depth cannot be maintained, the piping system shall be installed in conduit or shielded in an approved manner.
  - 4.1.h.1. Section M1402 Central Furnaces.
- 4.1.h.1.A. M1402.1 General- Oil-fired central furnaces shall conform to ANSI/UL 727. Electric furnaces shall conform to UL 1995 or UL/CSA 60335-2-40.
  - 4.1.h.1.B. Section M1403 Heat Pump Equipment
- 4.1.h.1.B.1. M1403.1 Heat pumps- Electric heat pumps shall be listed and labeled in accordance with UL 1995 or UL/CSA 60335-2-40.
  - 4.1.h.1.C. Section M1412 Absorption Cooling Equipment
- 4.1.h.1.C.1. M1412.1 Approval of equipment- Absorption systems shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Absorption equipment shall comply with UL 1995 or UL/CSA 60335-2-40.

### 4.1.h.1.D. Section M1413 Evaporative Cooling Equipment

4.1.h.1.D.1. M1413.1 General- Evaporative cooling equipment and appliances shall comply with UL 1995 or UL/CSA 60335-2-40 and shall be installed in accordance with 4401.3 Referenced standard list:

#### 4.1.h.1. E. Chapter 44 Referenced standards

#### 4.1.h.1.E.1. 4401.3 Referenced standard list – See table 2

ASHRAE	ASHRAE	
	1791 Tullie Circle NE	
	Atlanta, GA 30329	
G. 1 1 C 1	T'.4	
Standard referenced Table	Title	
1 abit	5 Z	
<u>34—2016</u> 2019:	Designation and Safety Classification of Refrigerants	
CSA	CSA Group	
	8501 East Pleasant Valley Road	
	<u>Cleveland</u> , OH 44131-5516	
Standard referenced	<u>Title</u>	
CAN/CSA/C22.2 No.	Safety of Household and Similar Electric	
<u>60335-2-40-<del>2012-</del>2019</u>	Appliances, Part 2-40: Particular Requirements for	
	Electrical Heat Pumps, Air-Conditioners and Dehumidifiers-3 <sup>rd</sup> edition	
	Denumidifiers-3** edition	
UL	UL LLC	
	333 Pfingsten Road	
	Northbrook, IL 60062	
Standard referenced	<u>Title</u>	
1995— <del>2011</del> 2015:	Heating and Cooling Equipment—with revisions	
1330 20112010.	through July 2015	
LILI (CGA (ANICE		
<u>UL/CSA<del>/ANCE</del></u> 60335-2-40- <del>2012-</del> 2019:	Safety of Household and Similar Electrical Appliances, Part 2-40: Particular Requirements for	
00333-2-40- <del>2012-</del> 2019.	Motor Compressors Electrical Heat Pumps, Air-	
	Conditioners and Dehumidifiers-3 <sup>rd</sup> Edition	
Table 2		
4410 G P044 7 4 G T 4 P.		
4.1.i.2. Section R311.7.5 Stair Treads and Risers		

- 4.1.i.2.A. 311.7.5.1 Riser Heights -- The maximum riser height shall be eight and one-quarter (8 1/4) inches.
  - 4.1.i.2.B. 311.7.5.2 Tread Depth -- The minimum tread depth shall be nine (9) inches.
- 4.1.i.3. Section R403.1.7.1: Building Clearances from Ascending Slopes is not applicable to this rule.
- 4.1.i.4. Section R403.1.7.2: Footings Setbacks from Descending Slope Surfaces is not applicable to this rule.
- 4.1.j. The 2017 ICC/ANSI A117.1 American National Standards for Accessibility & Usable Buildings & Facilities.
  - 4.1.k. The 2015 2018 International Existing Building Code, with the following exception:
- 4.1.k.l. Omit reference to International Fire Code and substitute NFPA Life Safety Code 20158 edition.
- 4.1.1. The 2017 2020 edition of the National Electrical Code, NFPA 70, with the following exception:
- 4.1.1. Section 210.8(F) GFCI Protection shall not be required on all new mini-split heating/ventilation/air-conditioning (HVAC) equipment and other HVAC units employing power conversion equipment as a means to control compressor speed systems including but not limited to mini-split and A/C units until January 1, 2023.
- 4.1.1.42. For renovations in one- and two-family homes where no new square footage is involved, arc-fault circuit interrupter (AFCI) protection shall not be required, except for in bedrooms. For renovation in one- and two-family homes where square footage is added but no electrical service is installed, arc-fault circuit interrupter (AFCI) protection shall not be required.
  - 4.1.1m. The 2015 2018 edition of the International Swimming Pool and Spa Code.
- 4.2. Wherever referenced in the several ICC codes adopted above, any reference to the International Fire Code should be substituted with the NFPA Life Safety Code 2018 2021 edition.
- 4.3. Whenever a certificate of occupancy is required of a commercial structure greater in size than 7,600 feet, the project documents shall be designed by an Architect licensed by the WV Board of Architects, or a Professional Engineer licensed by the WV State Board of Registration for Professional Engineers.

#### §87-4-5. Fire Protection of Floors in Residential Buildings

5.1. New One and Two Family Dwellings over one level in height, New One and Two Family Dwellings containing a basement, and New One and Two Family Dwellings containing a crawl space containing a fuel burning appliance below the first floor, shall provide one of the following methods for fire protection of floors: (1) A 1/2 inch (12.7 mm) gypsum wallboard membrane, 5/8 inch (16 mm) wood structural panel membrane, or equivalent on the underside of the floor framing member; (2) Wood floor assemblies using dimension lumber or structural composite lumber equal or greater than 2 inch by 10 inch (50.8 mm by 254 mm) nominal dimension, or other approved floor assemblies demonstrating equivalent

fire performance; or (3) An Automatic Fire Sprinkler System as set forth in section R313.1 or R313.2 of the 2015 edition of the International Residential Code for One and Two Family Dwellings: *Provided*, That floor assemblies located directly over a space protected by an automatic sprinkler system as set forth in section R313.1 or R313.2 of the 2015 edition of the International Residential Code for One and Two Family Dwellings are exempt from this requirement.

5.2. Townhouses meeting the Fire-Resistant Construction Standard R302.2 will be treated as New One-and Two-Family Dwellings and shall comply with Section 5.1 above.

#### §87-4-6. Exceptions.

- 6.1. The following structures are not subject to inspection by local jurisdictions:
- 6.1.a. Group U utility structures and storage sheds comprising an area not more than 200 sq. ft. which have no plumbing or electrical connections and are used only for residential storage purposes. (Examples include sheds that are for the residential storage of lawnmowers, tools, bicycles or furniture.) Not included are those utility structures and storage sheds which have plumbing or electrical connections are a non-residential use or for the storage of explosives or other hazardous or explosive materials.

#### §87-4-7. Adoption by Local Jurisdiction.

- 7.1. Each local jurisdiction adopting the State Building Code shall notify the State Fire Commission in writing. The local jurisdiction shall send a copy of the ordinance or order to the State Fire Marshal, West Virginia State Fire Commission, 1207 Quarrier Street, 2nd floor, Charleston, West Virginia 25301, within thirty (30) days of adoption.
- 7.2. Each local jurisdiction which adopts the State Building Code is responsible for the enforcement of the building code as provided in West Virginia Code 7-1-3n and 8-12-13.
- 7.3. Throughout the national codes, adopted in subsection 4.1 of this rule, there are discretionary provisions or amendments which require further action by the adopting local jurisdiction in order to adapt these codes to various local conditions. The appendices are not a part of the code and must also be adopted by the local jurisdiction to be enforceable. It is therefore the intent of this rule to further authorize each local jurisdiction to further complete, by order or ordinance, those respective areas which are indicated to be completed by the adopting "jurisdiction" and any of the appendices the local jurisdiction wishes to adopt.
- 7.4. Within the penalty sections of each of the national codes, adopted in Section 4.1 of this rule, there is a penalty for imprisonment. The provision of imprisonment for any violation of this rule is optional with each adopting local jurisdiction.
- 7.5. Each of the national codes adopted in subsection 4.1 of this rule provides for a separate appeals board. However, the intent and requirements for an appeal board may be met with the creation by the local jurisdiction of a single appeals board for the entire "State Building Code."
- 7.6. Each local jurisdiction adopting the State Building Code shall comply with the requirements set forth in Title 87, Series 7 "Standards for the Certification and Continuing Education of Municipal, County, and Public-Sector Building Code Officials, Building Code Inspectors and Plans Examiners."
- 7.7. All questions of interpretation and enforcement of the State Building Code are delegated to the local jurisdiction unless expressly provided by State Code, by this Rule, or by the incorporated codes and

standards referenced in this Rule.

#### §87-4-8. Existing Building Codes.

8.1. All building codes previously adopted by local jurisdictions are null and void.

#### §87-4-9. Exemption for agricultural purposes.

- 9.1. If a property owner or other responsible party claims exemption from the applicable Building Code based on the agricultural purposes exemption identified in section 1.6 of this rule, the question shall be submitted to the Commissioner of Agriculture for a determination of eligibility.
- 9.2. The property owner or responsible party shall submit to the Commissioner of Agriculture sufficient information to allow the Commissioner to determine the primary use of the property. This information shall include, but is not limited to, location of the property and buildings, types of agricultural use or uses, percentage or frequency of use, and any other information that the Commissioner requires to make a decision.
- 9.3. Upon making a determination, the Commissioner of Agriculture shall provide a copy of his or her determination to the property owner or responsible party, and to the entity that has adopted and is enforcing the Building Code.